

THH of  $\mathbb{Z}$

Thm (Bökstedt)

$$THH_*(\mathbb{Z}) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z}, & * = 0 \\ \mathbb{Z}/n, & * = 2n-1 \\ 0, & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$$

In fact  $THH_*(\mathbb{Z})$  is the homology of the DGA

$$\mathbb{Z}[x] \otimes \wedge(e), \quad |x|=2, |e|=1, \partial x = e, \partial e = 0.$$

Pmk In fact

$THH(\mathbb{Z})$  is given by this DGA as an  $E_1$ -algebra over  $H\mathbb{Z}$ .

As a consequence,

$$THH(\mathbb{Z})/p = THH(\mathbb{Z}) \otimes_{H\mathbb{Z}} HF_p$$

is iso. in homotopy groups to the homology

of DGA  $(F_p[x] \otimes \Lambda(e), d)$

Def For  $R \in \text{Alg}(S_p)$ , define

$$\text{THH}(R; \mathbb{Z}_p) := \text{THH}(R)_{\mathbb{Z}_p}^{\wedge}$$

$$\text{THH}(R; \mathbb{Q}) := \text{THH}(R)_{\mathbb{Q}}$$

$$\text{THH}(R; \mathbb{Q}_p) := \text{THH}(R, \mathbb{Z}_p)_{\mathbb{Q}}$$

Recall

$$\text{THH}(R) \xrightarrow{\quad} \prod_p \text{THH}(R; \mathbb{Z}_p)$$

$$\text{THH}(R; \mathbb{Q}) \xrightarrow{\quad} \mathbb{Q} \otimes \prod_p \text{THH}(R; \mathbb{Z}_p)$$

Lemma

$$\begin{aligned} \text{THH}(R; \mathbb{Z}_p) &= \text{THH}(R_p^{\wedge}; \mathbb{Z}_p) \\ &= \text{HH}(R_p^{\wedge} / S_p^{\wedge}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathrm{THH}(\mathbb{R}; \mathbb{Q}) = \mathrm{THH}(\mathbb{R}_{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q})$$

$$= \mathrm{HH}(\mathbb{R}_{\mathbb{Q}}/\mathbb{Q})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathrm{Sp}_{\mathbb{Q}} &\simeq \mathrm{Mod}_{\mathrm{HH}} \\ &\simeq \mathrm{D}(\mathbb{Q}) \end{aligned}$$

Con  $\mathrm{THH}(\mathbb{Z}; \mathbb{Q}) = \mathrm{HH}$

Thm 
$$\mathrm{THH}_*(\mathbb{Z}; \mathbb{Z}_p) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z}_p & * = 0 \\ \mathbb{F}_p/n\mathbb{Z}_p, & * = 2n-1 \\ 0, & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$$

$$\simeq \mathrm{H}_*(\mathbb{Z}_p[x] \otimes \wedge(\mathbb{e}), \mathbb{Z})$$

This thm gives Bökstedt's thm.

Defn We define a E<sub>∞</sub>-ring

$$\mathcal{S}[\mathbb{Z}] = \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{N}) := \mathbb{Z}_+^{\infty} // \mathbb{N}.$$

↗  
viewed as a comm. algebra  
in  $(\mathcal{S}, x)$ .

To give a discrete com. ring  $R$  the  
struct. of an  $\mathcal{B}[z]$ -alg is equiv.

to give an element  $\pi \in R$ ,

$$z \mapsto \pi: \quad \begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{B}[z] & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{H}\mathbb{Z}[z] \\ & \searrow & \downarrow \\ & & \mathbb{H}R \end{array}$$

Consider  $\mathbb{Z}$  as an  $\mathcal{B}[z]$ -alg by

sending  $z \mapsto p$ ,

Warning if considering instead an  $\mathbb{E}_0$ -ring

$R$ , then an  $\mathbb{E}_0$ -map  $\mathcal{B}[z] \rightarrow R$  is

not the same as an element  $t \in \pi_0 R$ ,

in other words,  $\mathcal{B}[z]$  is not the

free  $\mathbb{K}_0$ -alg on a single generator.

( $\mathcal{S}[\mathbb{Z}]$  is free as a  $\mathbb{K}_1$ -alg though)

Thm (rel. Bökstedt periodicity)

We have  $\mathrm{THH}_*(\mathbb{Z}/\mathcal{S}[\mathbb{Z}]; \mathbb{Z}_p) \simeq \mathbb{Z}_p[x]$   
 $|x| = 2.$

remember that

$\mathbb{Z}$  is an  $\mathcal{S}[\mathbb{Z}]$ -alg.

Proof

$$\mathrm{THH}(\mathbb{Z}/\mathcal{S}[\mathbb{Z}]; \mathbb{Z}_p)/p$$

$$\simeq \mathrm{THH}(\mathbb{Z}/\mathcal{S}[\mathbb{Z}]; \mathbb{Z}_p) \otimes_{\mathrm{HZ}} \mathrm{HF}_p$$

need condition  $\mathrm{HZ}$ -module

$$\simeq \mathrm{THH}(\mathbb{Z}/\mathcal{S}[\mathbb{Z}]; \mathbb{Z}_p) \otimes_{\mathcal{S}[\mathbb{Z}]} \mathcal{S}$$

$$\cong \mathrm{THH}(\mathbb{Z} \otimes_{\mathbb{S}[2\mathbb{Z}]} \mathbb{S} / \mathbb{S}; \mathbb{Z}_p)$$

$$\cong \mathrm{THH}(\mathbb{F}_p; \mathbb{Z}_p)$$

$$\cong \mathrm{THH}(\mathbb{F}_p)$$

consider LES for

$$\mathrm{THH} \xrightarrow{p} \mathrm{THH} \rightarrow \mathrm{THH}/p$$

$\Rightarrow \mathrm{THH}_*(\mathbb{Z}/\mathbb{S}[2\mathbb{Z}]; \mathbb{Z}_p)$  is concentrated

in even deg & is  $p$ -torsion free

$$\Rightarrow \exists x \in \mathrm{THH}_2(\mathbb{Z}/\mathbb{S}[2\mathbb{Z}]; \mathbb{Z}_p)$$

lifting  $x \in \mathrm{THH}_2(\mathbb{F}_p)$ .

$$\text{get } \mathbb{Z}_p[x] \rightarrow \mathrm{THH}_*(\mathbb{Z}/\mathbb{S}[2\mathbb{Z}]; \mathbb{Z}_p)$$

it's an iso (by passing to  $p$ -completion).

base change

$$\mathrm{THH}(R/\mathcal{S}[z]) = \mathrm{THH}(R) \otimes_{\mathrm{THH}(\mathcal{S}[z])} \mathcal{S}[z]$$

$$= \mathrm{THH}(R) \otimes_{\mathcal{S}} \mathrm{HZ} \otimes_{\mathcal{S}} \mathcal{S}[z]$$

$$\mathrm{HZ} \otimes_{\mathcal{S}} \mathrm{THH}(\mathcal{S}[z])$$

base change

$$= \mathrm{THH}(R) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}[z]} \mathbb{Z}[z]$$

$$\mathrm{HH}(\mathbb{Z}[z]/\mathbb{Z})$$

HKR fil.

Prop have a convergent, multiplication

spectral sequence

$$\mathrm{THH}_n(R/\mathcal{S}[z]) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}[z]} \Omega_{\mathbb{Z}[z]/\mathbb{Z}}^m \rightarrow \mathrm{THH}_{n+m}(R)$$

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$$\mathrm{THH}_*(R/\mathcal{S}[z]) \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \wedge(dz)$$

$$S_0 \quad \mathbb{Z}[x] \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \wedge(dz) \Rightarrow \text{III}_*(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{Z})$$