

Bökstedt

Periodicity

Thm (Bökstedt ver. 2)

$\text{THH}(\mathbb{F}_p)$  is free on 1 dg<sup>2</sup> generator  
as  $H\mathbb{F}_p - E_1 - \text{alg}_0$ .

$$\underline{\text{THH}(\mathbb{F}_p)} \cong H\mathbb{F}_p \otimes \sum_{+}^{\infty} \Omega S^3$$

$\Omega \sum S^2$  is the free  $E_1 - \text{alg}$  on pointed  $S^2$ ,

$$\text{Map}_{(E_1-\text{Alg})/H\mathbb{F}_p}(H\mathbb{F}_p \otimes \sum_{+}^{\infty} \Omega S^3, R)$$

$$\cong \text{Map}_{E_1-\text{Alg}}(\Omega S^3, \Omega^{\infty} R)$$

$$\cong \text{Map}_{S^1}(S^2, \Omega^{\infty} R)$$

$$\cong \text{Map}_{S^1}(\sum^{\infty} S^2, R)$$

$$\cong \text{Map}_{H\mathbb{F}_p}(\sum^2 H\mathbb{F}_p, R)$$

## Proof of equivalence

$$x \in THH_2(\mathbb{F}_p)$$

$$\rightsquigarrow E_1\text{-map } H\mathbb{F}_p \otimes \sum^{\infty} S^3 \rightarrow THH(\mathbb{F}_p)$$

$$\text{which is } \sim \text{ iff } THH_*(\mathbb{F}_p) = \mathbb{F}_p \otimes I.$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_*(\text{left}) &\stackrel{\cong}{=} H_*(S^3; \mathbb{F}_p) \hookrightarrow [E_1\text{-alg}] \\ &\cong \mathbb{F}_p[x] \end{aligned}$$

start on  $S^3$   
gives ring  
start. on  $H_2$ .

$$\text{Lem } THH(R) \cong R \underset{\substack{R \otimes R^* \\ S}}{\otimes} R$$

$$\text{Sketch } R \underset{R}{\otimes} R = \left| \begin{array}{c} R \otimes R \leftarrow R \otimes R \otimes R \leftarrow \cdots \\ \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \end{array} \right|$$

(R-bimod)

$$\begin{aligned} R \underset{\substack{R \otimes R^* \\ S}}{\otimes} R &= \left| \begin{array}{c} R \otimes_{R \otimes R^*} (\leftarrow \cdots \leftarrow) \\ \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \end{array} \right| \\ &= \{ \text{cyclic bar construction} \} \\ &= THH(R) \end{aligned}$$

Need to understand  $H\mathbb{F}_p \otimes H\mathbb{F}_p$   
chain steenrod alg.

Thm (Milnor)

A<sub>2</sub>

$\pi_*(H\mathbb{F}_p \otimes H\mathbb{F}_p)$  is :

case  $p=2$  :  $\mathbb{F}_2[\zeta_1, \zeta_2, \dots] | \zeta_i | = 2^i - 1$ .

$p$  odd :  $\Lambda_{\mathbb{F}_p}(\tau_0, \tau_1, \dots) \otimes \mathbb{F}_p[\xi_1, \xi_2, \dots]$

$$|\tau_i| = 2p^i - 1$$

$$|\xi_i| = 2p^i - 2$$

View  $H\mathbb{F}_p \otimes H\mathbb{F}_p$  as  $H\mathbb{F}_p - (E_0)$ -alg via  
inclusion of 2nd  $H\mathbb{F}_p$ .

Lem As an  $E_2 - HF_p$  - alg.

$HF_p \otimes HF_p$  is free on one generator of deg 1, i.e.

$$HF_p \otimes \frac{\sum_{+}^{\infty} \Omega^2 S^3}{\downarrow} \xrightarrow{\sim} HF_p \otimes HF_p.$$

is really just

$E_2$  (or  $E_3$ ) - alg;

only free as

$E_2$  - alg.

Lem  $\Rightarrow$  Bökstedt :

$$THH(HF_p) = HF_p \otimes HF_p \\ HF_p \otimes HF_p^{op}$$

$$= HF_p \otimes \frac{HF_p}{HF_p \otimes \sum_{+}^{\infty} \Omega^2 S^3}$$

$$\cong \text{HIF}_p \otimes \underset{\text{deloop}}{\Sigma_+^\infty} \text{Bar}(*, \Omega^3 S^3, *)$$

$$\cong \text{HIF}_p \otimes \Sigma_+^\infty \Omega S^3$$

$\text{Bar}(*, \text{IE}-\text{alg}, *)$

= deloop -

Connexive space = group-like

May recognition thm, [HA, Thm 6.2.6.15]

$\text{IE}-\text{alg}$

$H\infty$ -topos (e.g.  $S = \infty$  frpd)

then have

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Groups } (H) & \xleftarrow[\sim]{\Omega^n} & H_{\geq n}^{*+} \\ \underbrace{\phantom{\text{Groups } (H)}}_{\text{E-groups}} & & \underbrace{\phantom{H_{\geq n}^{*+}}}_{\substack{\text{pointed} \\ (n-i)\text{-connected} \\ \text{objects}}} \end{array}$$

Rmk Indeed  $\text{lex} \leftrightarrow \text{Bökstedt}$ .

using:  $A \rightarrow B$  of connected  $\text{HIF}_p$ -alg  
is  $\sim$  iff  $\begin{matrix} \text{no negative} \\ \text{loop groups} \end{matrix}$

$$\text{HIF}_p \otimes_A \text{HIF}_p \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{HIF}_p \otimes_B \text{HIF}_p$$

$$\text{applied to } HF_p \otimes_{\mathbb{S}} \Sigma^{\infty}_+ S^2 S^2 \rightarrow HF_p \otimes_{\mathbb{S}} HF_p$$

Ex - A connected  $HF_p$ -alg.

Then  $N \rightarrow M$  of connected  $A$ -algebras

$$\text{is } \sim \text{ iff } HF_p \otimes_A N \xrightarrow{\sim} HF_p \otimes_A M .$$

$\sim$   $A \rightarrow B$  connected  $HF_p$ -alg.

$$HF_p \otimes_A HF_p \xrightarrow{\sim} HF_p \otimes_B HF_p .$$

then  $HF_p \otimes_A B \cong HF_p ,$

$$A \xrightarrow{\sim} B .$$

$p$ -odd : for  $(E_\infty - \text{Hf}_p)$ -alg. have

Dyer-Lashof operations,

introduced in a paper of iterated loop spaces

$$i \in \mathbb{Z}, Q^i : \pi_n(R) \rightarrow \pi_{n+2(p-i)i}(R),$$

$$\beta Q^i : \pi_n(R) \rightarrow \pi_{n+2(p-i)i-1}(R).$$

Somehow coming from homology of Conf's.

they satisfy :

$$\bullet |x| = n \text{ even}, Q^{\frac{n}{2}} x = x^p$$

$$Q^i x = 0, i < \frac{n}{2}$$

$$(\beta Q^i x = 0, i \leq \frac{n}{2})$$

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For  $(E_2$ -alg,

$$Q^{\frac{n}{2}} x \text{ for } n \text{-even}.$$

nothing new

$$Q^{\frac{n+1}{2}} x, \beta Q^{\frac{n+1}{2}} x \text{ for } n \text{ odd}$$

new  
are already defined

Thm (Dyer - Lashof, p=2 Araki - Kudo)

$$H_*(Q^2 S^3; \mathbb{F}_p) = \Lambda(a, Q^1 a, Q^p Q^1 a, \dots) \\ \otimes \mathbb{F}_p[\beta Q^1 a, \beta Q^p Q^1 a, \dots]$$

$\tau_0 \quad \tau_1 \quad \tau_2$   
 $\xi_1 \quad \xi_2$

$|a|=1$

Recall:

$$\Lambda_{\mathbb{F}_p}(\tau_0, \tau_1, \dots) \otimes \mathbb{F}_p[\xi_1, \xi_2, \dots]$$
$$|\tau_i| = 2p^{i-1}$$
$$|\xi_i| = 2p^{i-2}.$$

Thm (Steinberger)

On  $\pi_*(H\mathbb{F}_p \otimes H\mathbb{F}_p)$ , have

$$\tau_i = Q^{p^{i-1}} \otimes Q^{p^{i-2}} \cdots Q^1 \tau_0$$
$$\xi_i = \beta Q^{p^{i-1}} \otimes Q^{p^{i-2}} \cdots Q^1 \tau_0$$

# Proof of Lem .

Recall,  
Lem As an  $E_2 - HF_p$ -alge.

$HF_p \otimes HF_p$  is free on one generator of deg 1, i.e.

$$HF_p \otimes \sum_{\gamma}^{\infty} \Omega^2 \gamma^3 \xrightarrow{\sim} HF_p \otimes HF_p.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \pi_1(HF_p \otimes HF_p) &\xrightarrow{\sim} \pi_1(HF_p \otimes_{HZ} HF_p) \\ &\downarrow \\ S \rightarrow HF_p & \quad S_1 \\ \text{is 1-connected} & \\ \text{Tor}_1^{\mathbb{Z}}(F_p, HF_p) & \\ &\cong F_p \end{aligned}$$

get  $\sim E_2 - HF_p$ -alge map

$$HF_p \otimes \sum_{\gamma}^{\infty} \Omega^2 \gamma^3 \rightarrow HF_p \otimes HF_p$$

iso on  $\pi_1$ . Both sides are generated in the same way by  $E_2$ -Dyer-Lashof operations.

So iso.

