



Emanuele Dato

§ 1) Milnor K -theory & Milnor's
Conjecture

Let k be a field (eventually of
char 2)

and let $K_*(k)$ be the algebraic
 K -group of k .

$$K_0(k) \xrightarrow[\cong]{\dim} \mathbb{Z}.$$

$$K_1(k) \xrightarrow[\cong]{\det} k^\times.$$

$$K_2(k) \cong k^\times \otimes k^\times / \langle a \otimes (a-1) \mid a \neq 0, 1 \rangle$$

Def [Milnor]

$$K_*^M(k) := \frac{T_*^{\otimes} (k^{\times}, \cdot)}{\langle a \otimes (1-a) \mid a \neq 0, 1 \rangle}$$

graded ring w/

map of graded rings

$$K_*^M(k) \rightarrow K_*(k)$$

(not an iso. in general)

Milnor's conjecture relates

$$K_*^M(\mathbb{k})/2 \quad \text{w/ symmetric power}$$

Def A non-degenerated symmetric form over \mathbb{k} consists of a pair (V, φ) of a finite dim space V and an iso. .

$$\varphi: V \xrightarrow{\cong} V^* \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \varphi^\# \varphi = \text{ev.}$$

A Lagrangian of (V, φ) consists of a vector subspace $L \subseteq V$ s.t.

$$\varphi|_L = 0 \quad \&$$

$$0 \rightarrow L \hookrightarrow V \rightarrow L^* \rightarrow 0 \text{ is exact}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \varphi \searrow \\ V \\ \nearrow V^* \end{array}$$

Def) the Witt group of k is

$$W^s(k) = \left(\underbrace{\{ (V, \varphi) \}}_{\text{isom}} / \cong, \oplus \right) / \left\langle (V, \varphi) \text{ w/ Lagrangian} \right\rangle$$

This is in fact a group

$$-[V, \varphi] = [V, -\varphi].$$

and a ring by \otimes

$$I = \ker (W^e(k) \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}/2)$$
$$[V, \varphi] \longmapsto \dim V$$

Conjecture [Milnor & c]

$$K_*^M(k)/2 \xrightarrow{\cong} I^*/I^{*+n}$$
$$a \in k^x \longmapsto (1 - [k, a])$$

Q What about something else than k ?

§ 2) THH and Milnor's Conj.

Bökstedt:

$$\mathrm{THH}(k) = \mathbb{R} \otimes_k k \quad \text{a ring spectrum}$$

$$\pi_0(\mathrm{THH}(k)) \cong k$$

$$\pi_1(\mathrm{THH}(k)) \cong \Omega_k^1$$

$$\Omega_k^* := \bigwedge^* \Omega_k^1 \quad \text{for edges on } k \text{ w/ } (dx)^2 = 0.$$

Then there is a com. diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 a & K_*^M(k) & \longrightarrow & K_*(k) & \\
 \downarrow & \downarrow & & \downarrow h & \\
 \frac{da}{a} & \Omega_k^* & \longrightarrow & \pi_* THH(k) &
 \end{array}$$

let k be of char 2

$S \subset k$ subfield of squares

$$J = \ker(\mu: k \otimes_S k \rightarrow k)$$

Prop $\Omega_k^* \cong J^*/J^{*+1}$

Let's try to relate these results

- K-theory There is a preferred refinement of $K(k)$ to a $\mathbb{Z}/2$ -spectrum

$$\text{s.t. } W^S(k) \cong \pi_0(K(k)^{\Phi\mathbb{Z}/2})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{dim} \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{res}^{\Phi\mathbb{Z}/2} \\ \mathbb{Z}/2 & \cong & \pi_0 K(k)/2 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\text{Thus}} \quad K_*^M(k)/2 \cong I^*/I^{*+1}$$

$$\text{where } I = \ker(\text{res}^{\mathbb{Z}/2})$$

• THH there is a preferred refinement of $\text{THH}(R)$ to a $\mathbb{Z}/2$ -spectrum [Hesselholt-Madsen]

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{s.t. } \pi_0(\text{THH}(R)^{\mathbb{Z}/2}) \cong R \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} R & & \\ \text{res}^{\mathbb{Z}/2} \downarrow & & \downarrow \mu \\ \pi_0 \text{THH}(R)_{/2} \cong & & R \end{array}$$

Then $\Omega_k^* \cong \mathcal{J}^k / \mathcal{J}^{k+1}$, $\mathcal{J} = \ker \text{res}^{\mathbb{Z}/2}$.

§ 3) The de Rham-Witt cplx
and Madsen's Conjecture

Bokstedt - Hsiang - Madsen

$\mathrm{THH}(\mathbb{Z})$ is refined to a \mathbb{C}_n -spectrum

$\forall n \geq 1$

$$TR_*^{n+1}(k; p) := \pi_0 \left(THH(k) \mathbb{S}p^n \right) \quad \forall n \geq 0$$

$$TR_0^{n+1}(k; p) \cong W_{\mathbb{F}_p}(k) \sim \begin{array}{l} (n+1)\text{-truncated} \\ p\text{-typical} \\ \text{Witt vectors} \end{array}$$

$$(W_{\mathbb{F}_p}(\mathbb{F}_p) \cong \mathbb{Z}/p^{n+1})$$

$$TR_1^{n+1}(k; p) \cong \Omega_{\langle p^n \rangle}^1 W_{\mathbb{F}_p}(k) / \sim \quad ?$$

There are operators on these groups

$$TR_*^n(k; p) \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{V} \\ \xleftarrow{F} \\ \xleftarrow{R} \end{array} TR_*^{n+1}(k; p)$$

& a differential R s.t. $\overline{\quad\quad\quad}$
 or Witt complex

Def [Hesselholt - Madsen]

Bloch-Dezign-Illusie

$W.\Omega_k^*$ is the initial object in
the category of objects w/ the
struct. of $TR_*^{*+1}(k; p)$

There is a preferred refinement of

$TR^{n+1}(k; p)$ to a $\mathbb{Z}/2$ -spectrum

[Høgenhaven]

let $J. := \text{res}^{\mathbb{Z}/2} = \pi_0(TR^*(k; 2))$
 \downarrow
 $\pi_0 TR^*(k, 2)$

$$W_{(2)}(k) / 2$$

Thm [D.]

$$W \cdot \Omega_k^* / 2 \cong J^* / J^{*+1}$$

Rank

• If $\text{char } k \neq 2$, then

$$\Omega W_{k/2} = 0 \quad \& \quad \text{TR}(k, 2) \stackrel{\Omega/2}{=} 0$$

• The proof computes J and identifies it with $W \Omega_{k/2}$ algebraically.

• There is also a version for TC.

but it is equiv. to the Minkowski Conj.